

THE STAR

GROCERY.

Popular
Low Price
Grocery.

A HOUSE that protects your interests by naming prices that are beyond the reach of competition, fresh goods, good goods, fuller assortment than any house in the city, and every sale guaranteed satisfactory or money refunded.

19 lbs fine granulated sugar.....	\$1 00
100 lb sack granulated sugar.....	5 30
Fresh country butter, per lb.....	20
8 lbs new California prunes.....	25
8 lbs new California apricots.....	25
6 packages Scotch oats.....	45
Choice potatoes, per bu.....	55
Box cocoanut oil soap, 12 cakes.....	20
2 cans California table peaches.....	25
2 cans California table pears.....	25
1 can California table lemon cling peaches.....	15
1 can California table apricots.....	10
1 can California table plums.....	10
1 can California table grapes.....	10
Dried salt meat, per lb.....	05
California hams, per lb.....	05
No. 1 sugar cured hams, per lb.....	13
Breakfast bacon, per lb.....	13
2 lbs boneless ham.....	25
3 cans new sweet corn.....	25
3 cans new tomatoes.....	25
Best soda crackers, per lb.....	05
Best ginger snaps, per lb.....	05
Potted ham or tongue, per can.....	05
7 bars white Russian soap.....	25
Corn starch, per package.....	05
6 bars French laundry soap.....	25
6 cans oil sardines.....	25
5 cans mustard sardines.....	25
3 cans oysters.....	25
3 cans Columbia river salmon.....	25
6 lbs new raisins.....	25
New evaporated raspberries, per lb.....	25
4 packages cleaned currants.....	25

We handle the best brands of Smoked and Salt Meats, and ALWAYS WARRANT every pound sent out.

J. S. SPROAT,
The Star Grocer
Tele. 252.
112 EAST 6TH ST.

ROCK ISLAND ROUTE.

On October 9th, we will sell Harvest Excursion tickets to all points in Texas, Indian and Oklahoma territories, Tennessee, Mississippi, Louisiana, North and South Carolina, Georgia and Florida at the low rate of one fare for round trip plus two dollars. Tickets will be good for return within twenty days, with stop over privileges.
\$8.25 to St. Louis; this rate will be on for eight days, tickets on sale Sept. 25 to Oct. 5 inclusive.
\$2.00 St. Louis and return. Tickets on sale Sept. 25 to Oct. 5 inclusive. Good to return including Oct. 8.
Kansas City Fair and Priests of Palace parade. One fare for round trip. Tickets on sale Oct. 1st to 7th. Good to return Oct. 8. Special return train after parade.
For State Fair at Wichita one fare for round trip, \$4.00. Tickets on sale Oct. 1st to 6th. Good returning Oct. 7.
Jackson County Fair at Holton, \$1.20 for round trip. Tickets on sale September 24 to 28 inclusive. Good for return on or before September 29.
Come and see us. No trouble to answer questions. In fact we rather like it.

H. O. GARVEY, C. T. & P. Agt.
A satisfied customer is a permanent one. That's why we recommend De Witt's Early Risers. They cure constipation, indigestion and biliousness. J. K. Jones.

Prescott & Co. have removed to No. 118 West Eighth street.
Stop That Cough
With Begg's Cherry Cough Syrup. It is the most effective medicine ever put on the market for all throat and lung troubles. Price 25, 50 and 1.00. W. R. Kennedy your enterprising druggist keeps it.

532 calls up the Peerless!

Auction Sale of Furniture.

Saturday, Sept. 29,
AT 1 O'CLOCK P. M.

Bed Room Sets, Lounges, Tables, Rockers, Parlor and Dining Room Chairs, and a line of fine upholstered goods, all new and in good condition. Late style. Call and examine at any time.

E. W. POTTER,
No. 843 Kan. Ave.,
NORTH TOPEKA.

BANQUET TO WILSON.

Author of the Tariff Bill Dined in London.

Secretary of Agriculture Morton is Also a Guest.

RESPOND TO TOASTS.

They Both Strongly Praise the New Tariff Law.

LONDON, Sept. 28.—The dinner given by the chamber of commerce of London to Congressman Wilson of West Virginia, took place at the Hotel Metropole last evening. About seventy guests were present, including J. Sterling Morton, secretary of agriculture and his two sons, Paul and Joyce Morton, Congressman Strauss of New York, Sir Courtney E. Boyle, permanent secretary of the board of trade and commerce.

United States Ambassador Bayard and James R. Roosevelt, secretary of the United States embassy, sent regrets.

During the dinner Mr. Wilson conversed with Sir Albert Kaye Rolitt, the chairman of the evening, on the tariff and other questions. After the toast to the queen had been drunk, the chairman proposed a toast to the president of the United States, which was drunk standing.

Proposing a toast to the guests, Sir Albert Rolitt said that Mr. Wilson's name had become honored and familiar in England. In honoring the guests he said, they were honoring London and its chamber of commerce asked them to take back with them a message of peace and good will. Nothing, he went on, could be worse than a war between the two great allies. That was why arbitration in the Alabama and other cases was acceptable to Great Britain. He was not sure that the worst wars of the future would not be tariff wars. If, as he hoped, the period of tariffs was beginning to end, both countries ought to honor Mr. Wilson. The benefit had already been experienced in England. Parliament had been reopened in Wales and Yorkshire and an impetus had been given to the textile industries. He again welcomed Mr. Wilson and Mr. Morton, whose names he had counted in the toasts.

Mr. Wilson, rising to respond, was greeted with cheers which lasted several minutes. The various points in his speech were warmly cheered. After acknowledging the honor conferred upon him and reciting the events of the long struggle to overcome protection, Mr. Wilson said: "All the people saw our system was generating a brood of monopolists so powerful as to defy the law and which used a part of the wealth they draw from sharing in the power of taxation to increase their privileges, debauch elections and corrupt legislation."

"I am quite sure our protective policy has already served to promote the trade of other nations, and if continued, it would still further promote such trade and prominently your own. So, standing before you, a representative of those who are the United States, I fear I cannot ask you to rejoice at its adoption except as you may prefer right principles to selfish advantages. Protection has seen our voluntary withdrawal from the seas and from the world's markets. Our protectionists have been building defenses to keep you and other nations from competing with us in our home market. The tariff reformers are breaking down these defenses. Let us compete in all markets of the world, and food products growing more rapidly than our consumption, but we have to-day a manufacturing plant, which urged to its full capacity would in six months fully meet our demand for a year."

"The tariff, hitherto, has given many temptations to form trusts and limit the output. But, fortunately, the way now seems open to give the working people more control over their wages and to break up the monopolies which are corrupting our politics, must be broken up. Without boasting, I may say that it is not in our line to long be underlings. This is the real meaning of the aspirations of the greater reform movement in America. It is in no selfish, exultant temper that I thus give you neighbors warning of our plans and expectations."

"We are constantly confirmed in the belief," continued Mr. Wilson, "that our supply of materials is more exhaustless and more cheaply handled than that of any other people, and if we continue to be underlings it is our own fault. We are being rapidly sobered, though unappalled, by the truth forced upon us, that of all human governments, a free government is the most complex and difficult, and judging from the world's experience, the most uncertain and shortlived. Our institutions are strong because they are deeply rooted in the past. It is for you and for us to show that while other nations have been great in war, commerce, science, etc., we can be great in all, and great in the greatness of permanent freedom."

Secretary Morton was the next speaker. He said that Mr. Wilson had said what was absolutely correct, and that the people of America had finally said adieu to the protective system. Free trade had been used as a bogey with Americans, but at last the farmers recognized that free trade did not compel trade. It was simply permitted an American citizen to trade wherever it was most advantageous. He spoke strongly in favor of arbitration, and said that Great Britain and the United States must soon arrange an arbitration treaty, so that the brute force would pass away as dew, and war would become impossible. God speed the hour when such a treaty should be ratified. Mr. Morton then said:

"We Americans feel at home here," and the remark was loudly applauded.

HILL HAS NOTHING TO SAY.

He Will Not Talk Until Officially Nominated for His Nomination.

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 28.—The speculation here regarding the acceptance or declination of candidates nominated by the Democratic state convention continues. A peculiar situation confronts Senator Hill. By a resolution of the convention the chairman was directed to appoint a committee of five members to notify nominees of their selection. Senator Hill, from jointly the siding officer and the selected nominee for governor, could not very well appoint a committee to notify himself. Clerk De Freest of the state committee and the secretary in chief of the convention, will appoint the committee to-day. Of course, none of the candidates will show discourtesy to the committee by giving their answer to the committee before the visit of the committee.

Senator Hill is resting quietly at his home near here. He was in his law office yesterday, but saw only a small number of the people who called. To a reporter he said: "I have arrived at no decision as yet as to this nomination. In fact, I have not been officially notified, and until I am I cannot say anything in the premises. I have hardly had time to think over the nomination of yesterday."

Senator Hill has received hundreds of congratulatory telegrams from people all over the country. Some of them are in the form of petitions asking him not to decline the nomination.

CAMPAIGN DOLLARS.

How the Ignorant Southerners are Fooled by New Silver Wheels.

RALEIGH, N. C., Sept. 28.—Five thousand dollars were shipped into this city a few days ago by the people who have been placed in the banks, and are being paid in conjunction with paper money to the cotton planters, who are now disposing of their crops, and to the negro workmen who help to pick and bale the snowy staple.

All the dollars are of the vintage of 1894, and each of them is an unanswerable proof that the Democratic administration has not entirely ceased the coining of silver. It is needless to say that this is one of the methods by which the Democratic campaign committee of this state is solidifying the silver-loving element in the party.

Monument to General Sullivan.

DURHAM, N. H., Sept. 28.—The monument to Major General John Sullivan was dedicated yesterday under the auspices of the grand lodge of Masons of New Hampshire. It is of Concord granite, and bears an inscription as follows:

"In memory of John Sullivan: born February 17, 1740; died January 23, 1795. Erected by the state of New Hampshire, upon the site of the meeting house under which was stored the gunpowder taken from Fort William and Mary."

BRIEFS BY WIRE.

Laurel Thompson, the noted sculptor, died at the state hospital at Middletown, N. Y.

The Eleventh Illinois district Republican convention nominated Walter Reeves for congress by acclamation.

Myron Bates of Youngstown, Ohio, is missing. On July 4 he left home on a bicycle bound for Washington. Since that time he has not been heard from.

October 1 the postoffice at Greenfield and Saxe, Mo., will become presidential offices with a salary of \$1,000 each. Perry, Ok., office will receive \$2,000 per year after that date.

Dispatches from Cincinnati and Bay St. Paul, on the north shore of the St. Lawrence river, report a light earthquake shock at 8 o'clock Thursday morning, lasting about thirty seconds.

The Republicans of the First Ohio congressional district nominated Charles P. Taft to succeed Bellamy Storer, and of the Second district, Jacob H. Bromwell to succeed Mayor Caldwell.

F. W. Porter, auditor of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific railway, was stricken with apoplexy at the Grand Hotel at Cincinnati, Ohio, just as he was starting for the train to Chicago. He is not expected to survive.

The proposal of Mexico to hold a conference of the countries of North and South America has not as yet advanced so that the meeting can be held in October as was contemplated. The invitations were issued last March.

The mixers and teasers' trouble is spreading throughout the Pittsburgh district. The men at the Newcastle, Pa., window glass factories now threaten to strike against a proposed reduction of 12 1/2 per cent on the new scale.

In Cincinnati Louis Miller, aged 40, Thursday, murdered his wife and then killed himself. He was drunk and jealous. Their only children are two daughters, aged 15 and 12 years respectively, who witnessed the double tragedy.

A statement prepared at the internal revenue bureau shows that during the first two months of the present fiscal year the receipts from internal revenue amounted to \$56,840,878, an increase over the receipts of 1893 of \$26,322,878. The total receipts for August last were \$15,133,692 in excess of August, 1893.

Secretary Gresham has received a message from Vice Consul Dawson at San Salvador, saying: "Yellow Mrs. Pollock attacked." Consul A. L. Pollock died there a few days ago of yellow fever, and the secretary assumed from the above dispatch that the consul's widow has been attacked with the same dread disease.

In Chicago Thursday Assistant District Attorney Rosenthal closed the arguments for the government in the Debs case. He was followed by S. S. Gregory for the defense. Mr. Gregory contended that workmen have a right to strike, based on the constitution and that any interested party has a right to order a strike.

Read the "Wants." Many of them are interesting as news items. See if it is not so.

COMPLAIN OF PEARY.

The Arctic Explorer's Complaints Make Serious Charges.

They Say He Didn't Give Them Enough to Eat.

TREATED THEM BADLY.

Mrs. Peary Comes in for Some Blame.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Sept. 28.—Since the return of the Peary expedition from North Greenland on Tuesday last, there have been stories of dissatisfaction on the part of the members concerning Peary's conduct on the enterprise and the quality and quantity of the food he compelled them to eat. The interview had with Mrs. Peary in Washington, in which she said she was at a loss to understand the complaints, has caused much discussion here, and yesterday afternoon members of the party held a conference at the Bingham house to consider the advisability of making a statement of their reasons for dissatisfaction. The conference was held behind closed doors and lasted several hours.

At its conclusion the members decided to state what had been decided upon, further than it was not the intention to make an answer to Mrs. Peary's statements at this time. The party has not yet disbanded, however, and a further consultation may be held to-day.

W. T. Swayne, who was one of the party and went out with Peary as private secretary, said: "We are under no contract with Peary. As regards dissatisfaction with his management, the only agreement that exists was made by us on board ship while we were returning to Philadelphia. We then agreed we would say nothing unless Mrs. Peary opened her lips."

"This she did yesterday, and I consider myself at perfect liberty to speak. As for my contract with Peary, it has been broken by him repeatedly during the course of the expedition."

"He agreed that we were to be treated as gentlemen. For one thing I can say that Lieutenant Peary certainly did not act as a gentleman among the party. Mrs. Peary has something to say about the food. Let me give you our menu during the last two months of our stay, while we waited for the relief party. The menu was the outcome of Peary's arrangements and was due only to an ancient provision in the beginning: Breakfast, corn meal mush, sprinkled by Peary with sugar and with a sparing hand; bacon with all the fat fried out of it; an occasional spoonful of Boston beans out of a can; coffee. Lunch, boiled seal meat, dressing like a custard, flavored with cod oil; corn bread; tea. Dinner, reindeer meat, when we could get it; seal meat, when we could get it; and—don't omit this—one-half a slice of white bread; coffee."

"On Sunday evening, as a special treat, we had for desert one can of tomatoes among the party."

"What Peary and his wife had we don't know. They lived apart and not one of us was ever admitted to their quarters. Peary treated us to a lot of red tape and autocratic rule that had serious consequences. I am sure on account of it. He would order some of us to go a seventy-five mile sledge journey to get food for his dogs and only give us an hour's warning, when half a day should have been accorded. My toe, which lames me, was frozen in just that way."

"And one thing that I can add, no Arctic expedition can ever succeed with a woman along to hamper it."

It is understood that Professor Chamberlain of the University of Chicago, who accompanied the auxiliary expedition as geologist, has secured valuable data bearing on glaciers. During July 25 and 26 he made a personal examination of seventeen glaciers and he was Lieutenant Peary's guest at Anniversary lodge for a fortnight. The other members of the relief party say he was really the only scientist who learned all he went to seek.

WANTS A DIVORCE.

Sam Small's Daughter Files a Petition for Legal Separation.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Sept. 28.—A bill for divorce was filed at Knoxville, Tenn., yesterday of more than general interest. Lola Small Jackson, daughter of the famous evangelist, Rev. Sam Small, of Atlanta, Ga., sues her husband, James Jackson, for absolute divorce and the custody of her child, now about a year old. Upon the death of his father, two years ago, the bill alleges, Jackson inherited \$30,000. While at Tate Springs, an East Tennessee summer resort, he met the plaintiff in the summer of 1893, and on August 24 of that year he married her. They went to Knoxville to live immediately after, but Jackson soon began to drink heavily, was a frequenter of gambling houses and a spendthrift. Within two years from his marriage he had squandered all his money and the plaintiff was forced to return to her parents, while defendant went to Texas, where he now resides. Besides the charge of non-support, the bill alleges that Jackson often had delirium tremens, and while in this condition often threatened to shoot his wife.

Quantrell's Watch Found.

SEDAILLA, Mo., Sept. 28.—A very interesting relic has been found by James Hickman, a farmer near Lone Rock, Johnson county. During the war the famous guerilla, Bill Quantrell, lost a valuable gold watch in Mr. Hickman's field while passing through it on a raid. He offered a large reward for its recovery, but the watch was never found until the rains washed it to the surface a few days ago.

CORBETT ISN'T READY.

The Champion Says Fitz Must Work Up to His Class.

LEWISTON, Me., Sept. 28.—Champion James J. Corbett, who appeared here in "Gentleman Jack," was first made acquainted with the fact that Fitzsimmons had published a formal challenge to fight him by an Associated Press reporter after the performance. The champion read the letter aloud to Steve O'Donnell, and when he came to the place where the middleweight pledged himself not to attempt a knock out, he roared with laughter.

"Well, Steve, what do you think of that," said Corbett, while O'Donnell smiled. After he had finished reading the challenge Corbett turned to the Associated press reporter and said:

"Of course I expected Fitz would do something of this sort, but he is too ambitious. I will attend to him, however, when the proper time comes, and will answer his letter in a few days."

"I don't propose to fight him," continued the champion, "until he has defeated someone worth mentioning. What's the use of my fighting a middleweight when there are plenty of men who can do him easily. He wants to skip over all the other heavyweights and tackle me."

O'Donnell Challenges Fitz.

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 28.—William A. Brady, manager of pugilist J. J. Corbett, has issued the following challenge:

"I hereby challenge Robert Fitzsimmons to fight me to a finish under Marquis of Queensbury rules for \$5,000 a side and the largest purse offered by any reputable club. As evidence of good faith I have this day deposited \$1,000 with David Blanchard of Boston. I have never been beaten, never been knocked down, and I claim first chance at this man who aspires to the world's championship. I will meet Mr. Fitzsimmons or his representative in New York any day next week in order to arrange the preliminaries of the match."

STEVE O'DONNELL.

A DIFFICULT PROBLEM.

Forecast of the Report of the Chicago Strike Labor Commission.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—The United States commission appointed to investigate the Chicago strike, after a two-day's executive session for the purpose of discussing and deciding on the nature of the report to be submitted to the president, adjourned last evening until the last week in October. The commission was able to harmonize such difference of opinion as existed, and there will be no minority report.

"The solution of the problem with which we are to deal," said one of the commissioners, "is a more difficult one than that of the civil war. The government knew what it had to do—meet force with force. This problem is beset with all the perplexities that surround the rights of capital and of personal liberty. We have had the experience of other countries to guide us. The report will discuss the question in all its phases and I think offer something practical, although, of course, any legislation must be tentative."

Killed Two Men.

MUSKOGEE, Ind. Ter., Sept. 28.—Charlie Smith, a Cherokee negro, who has recently served eight years in the penitentiary for killing a man several years ago, yesterday added two more to his death list. He cut the lifelines to a delivery wagon in town and because John Welch, another negro man, remonstrated with him against it, grabbed a pistol from the belt of a bystander and shot him three times and mortally wounded him. Robert Marshall, another negro, but an Indian police, approached to arrest him and, without notice, he shot Marshall through the heart. Policeman Simp Bennett shot another man by mistake in attempting to arrest Smith, but this last shooting was slight. Smith escaped but was caught soon after and will go to Fort Smith for trial. There is not a doubt that he will hang.

Botkin Nominated for Congress.

INDEPENDENCE, Kan., Sept. 28.—The Populists of the Third congressional district in convention at Cherryvale, yesterday afternoon nominated Rev. J. D. Botkin, of Neodesha, for congress on the first ballot. About two months ago he resigned as pastor of the First Methodist church at Wellington, after which he moved to Neodesha in order to qualify himself as a candidate for congress. This nomination was rendered necessary by the withdrawal from the race of Jeff Hudson, the former nominee of the party.

Chicago Society Sensation.

CHICAGO, Sept. 28.—Allen C. Wilde of the firm of James C. Wilde & Co., well-known merchants of this city, has been adopted by the widow of the late Professor Garrison of Chicago. Mrs. Garrison before her marriage was Lady Mary Berry of England, and heiress to extensive estates there. Mr. Wilde, who is 33 years old and a prominent club man, met Lady Berry several years ago, and she, taking a great fancy to him, has decided to make him her heir. The adoption has caused a sensation in Chicago society.

Why They Cannot Fight.

LONDON, Sept. 28.—The Pall Mall Gazette publishes a letter from Shanghai dated August 17, saying the Chinese navy cannot fight because the ships have only about twelve rounds of ammunition per ship, the supply of ammunition having been sold by the captains of the warships. The correspondent adds that one of these commanders actually sold one of his Armstrong guns and went to sea one gun short.

Van Horn Nominated for Congress.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Sept. 28.—The Republican congressional convention of the Fifth district met at Turner hall and unanimously nominated Mr. E. T. Van Horn for congress.



SAILED THE SEAS 38 YEARS.

One of His Experiences.

For thirty-eight years Capt. Toud followed the sea, most of that time as master of a vessel, and upon retiring from the water was appointed by the Secretary of the United States Treasury to superintend the seal fisheries in Alaska, which position he held five years. He relates one experience as follows:

"For several years I had been troubled with general nervousness and pain in the region of my heart. My greatest affliction was sleeplessness; it was almost impossible at any time to obtain rest and sleep. Having seen Dr. Miles' remedies advertised I began using Nervine. After taking a small quantity the benefit received was so great that I was positively alarmed, thinking the remedy contained opiates which would finally be injurious to me; but on being assured by the druggist that it was perfectly harmless I continued it together with the Head Cure. Today I can conscientiously say that Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and New Heart Cure did more for me than anything I had ever taken. I had been treated by eminent physicians in New York and San Francisco without benefit. I owe my present good health to the judicious use of these most valuable remedies, and heartily recommend them to all afflicted as I was."—Capt. A. P. Toud, Hampden, Me. Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and New Heart Cure sold by all druggists on a positive guarantee, or by Dr. Miles' Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind., on receipt of price, \$1 per bottle, or six bottles for \$5, express prepaid. They are free from all opiates and dangerous drugs.

For Sale by all Druggists.

DEMOCRAT FOR REVENUE.

Astwood Couldn't Get Office, So He Flops Back to Republicanism.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—Those who have noted the various political troubles of Mr. C. H. J. Taylor and Mr. H. C. C. Astwood, prominent negro Democrats, will be interested to learn that Mr. Astwood has taken himself, his three initials and his political ambitions back to the Republican party, from which he so recently came. He did not secure what he wanted from the administration, hence his withdrawal.

KING OF THE DUDES FAILS.

Ollie Teall, Successor of Berry Wall, Breaks Up in Business.

NEW YORK, Sept. 27.—Oliver Summer Teall, the leader of the younger set in New York society, and successor to Berry Wall, "king of the dudes," failed in business today.

His business was real estate. He says: "The constitution of the United States guarantees to me 'life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness,' and I now propose to devote a month of my life to the pursuit of happiness and let the other fellows walk."

GOV. MC KINLEY AT TOPEKA.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 3RD.

Gov. Wm. McKinley of Ohio, father of the famous bill bearing his name and a possible candidate for the presidency in 1896, has arranged to deliver a speech at Topeka, Wednesday, October 3rd, at 2 p. m. For this occasion the Missouri Pacific railway will run special trains from Ft. Scott, Council Grove, Paola and intermediate points to Topeka, arriving at the capital at 8:30 a. m. on the morning of the 3rd. Returning specials will leave at 3 p. m. same day. Greatly reduced rates will be in effect for this event. See local agents for full particulars regarding departure of trains, rates, etc. H. C. Townsend, General Passenger Agent, St. Louis, Mo.

Almost a New York Daily.

That Democratic wonder, The New York Weekly World, has just changed its weekly into a twice-a-week paper, and you can now get the two papers a week for the same old price—\$1.00 a year. Think of it! The news from New York right at your door fresh every three days—104 papers a year.

The Tariff

On Snow's Pine Expectant still the same. It cures colds, coughs, at 25 and 50 cents a bottle. For sale by all druggists.

Headache is the direct result of indigestion and Stomach Disorders. Remedy these by using De Witt's Little Early Risers and your headache disappears. The favorite Little pill everywhere. J. K. Jones.

The Rock Island P. of P. Excursion to Kansas City.

From what the people say, the Rock Island will run the popular train to Kansas City Tuesday, October 2, remaining till after the parade, and only \$2 round trip.

All the talk in the world will not convince you so quickly as one trial of De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve for Scalds, Burns, Bruises, Skin Affections and Piles. J. K. Jones.

One word describes it—"perfection." We refer to De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve, cures obstinate sores, burns, skin diseases and is a well known cure for piles. J. K. Jones.

Small in size, great in results: De Witt's Little Early Risers. Best pill for Constipation, best for Sick Headache, best for Sour Stomach. J. K. Jones.

J. M. KNIGHT, UNDERTAKER.

404 and 406 Kansas Ave. and 543 North Topeka. Phone 22.

18th and Walnut Street, Kansas City, Mo.

Telephone 254.

I belong to no Undertakers' Company. Manufacture my own coffins and caskets. My prices are from 25 to 50 per cent less than any undertaker in the city.

Furniture, Carpets and Stoves sold on time.